

IEC/TS 60815-2

Edition 1.0 2008-10

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions –

Part 2: Ceramic and glass insulators for a.c. systems

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

PRICE CODE

S

ICS 29.080.10 ISBN 2-8318-1015-5

CONTENTS

FOI	REWC	PRD	4	
1	Scop	e and object	6	
2	Norm	ative references	6	
3	Term	s, definitions and abbreviations	6	
	3.1	Terms and definitions	7	
	3.2	Abbreviations	7	
4	Princ	iples	7	
5	Mate	rials	8	
6	Site	severity determination	8	
7	Dete	mination of the reference unified specific creepage distance (RUSCD)	8	
8	Choic	ce of profile	9	
	8.1	General recommendations for porcelain and glass profiles	9	
	8.2	Profile suitability	12	
9	Checking the profile parameters			
	9.1	Alternating sheds and shed overhang	15	
	9.2	Spacing versus shed overhang		
	9.3	Minimum distance between sheds		
	9.4	Creepage distance versus clearance		
	9.5 9.6	Shed angle		
10		ection of the RUSCD		
10		Correction for altitude K_a		
		Correction for insulator diameter K_{ad}		
11		mination of the required minimum nominal creepage distance		
12	Confirmation by testing			
-		Determination of the long-duration withstand voltage		
		Selection of the standard pollution withstand test type		
		Artificial pollution test parameters		
	12.4	Criteria of confirmation	21	
Bib	liogra	ohy	22	
Fig	ure 1	- RUSCD as a function of SPS class	9	
Fig	ure 2	– Typical "standard" profiles	10	
Fig	ure 3	- Typical "open" profiles	11	
Fig	ure 4	– Typical "anti-fog" profiles	11	
Fig	ure 5	– Typical "alternating" profiles	11	
Fig	ure 6	– Typical pin insulator shed profiles	12	
Fig	ure 7	- K _{ad} as a function of insulator diameter	18	

Table 1 – Principal advantages (+) and disadvantages (-) of main profile types	10
Table 2 – Profile suitability, relative to a standard profile, for porcelain and glass insulators assuming the same creepage distance per unit or string	13
Table 3 – Profile suitability, relative to a standard profile, for porcelain and glass insulators assuming the same insulating length	14
Table 4 – Artificial pollution test parameters for confirmation by testing	20

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

SELECTION AND DIMENSIONING OF HIGH-VOLTAGE INSULATORS INTENDED FOR USE IN POLLUTED CONDITIONS –

Part 2: Ceramic and glass insulators for a.c. systems

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

The main task of IEC technical committees is to prepare International Standards. In exceptional circumstances, a technical committee may propose the publication of a technical specification when

- the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an International Standard, despite repeated efforts, or
- the subject is still under technical development or where, for any other reason, there is the future but no immediate possibility of an agreement on an International Standard.

Technical specifications are subject to review within three years of publication to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards.

IEC/TS 60815-2, which is a technical specification, has been prepared by technical committee 36: Insulators.

This first edition of IEC/TS 60815-2, together with IEC/TS 60815-1, cancels and replaces IEC/TR 60815, which was issued as a technical report in 1986. It constitutes a technical

revision and now has the status of a technical specification. The text of this technical specification is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
36/265/DTS	36/271A/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical specification can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2

A list of all the parts in the future IEC 60815 series, under the general title Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- transformed into an International standard,
- reconfirmed.
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

SELECTION AND DIMENSIONING OF HIGH-VOLTAGE INSULATORS INTENDED FOR USE IN POLLUTED CONDITIONS –

Part 2: Ceramic and glass insulators for a.c. systems

1 Scope and object

IEC/TS 60815-1, which is a technical specification, is applicable to the selection of ceramic and glass insulators for a.c. systems, and the determination of their relevant dimensions, to be used in high-voltage systems with respect to pollution.

This part of IEC 60815 gives specific guidelines and principles to arrive at an informed judgement on the probable behaviour of a given insulator in certain pollution environments.

The basis for the structure and approach of this part of IEC 60815 is fully explained in IEC/TS 60815-1.

The object of this technical specification is to give the user means to:

- determine the reference unified specific creepage distance (RUSCD) from site pollution severity (SPS) class;
- evaluate the suitability of different insulator profiles;
- determine the necessary USCD by applying corrections for insulator shape, size, position, etc. to the RUSCD;
- if required, determine the appropriate test methods and parameters to verify the performance of the selected insulators.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-471, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 471: Insulators

IEC 60507, Artificial pollution tests on high-voltage insulators to be used on a.c. systems

IEC/TS 60815-1, Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators for polluted conditions – Part 1: Definitions information and general principles